

IN THE SPECIFICATION

Please replace the last paragraph beginning on page 12 at line 25 of the specification, and ending on page 13 at line 2 with the following amended paragraph wherein the added language is underlined:

Compositions according to the present invention can also contain a sufficient quantity of anti-acne actives. Examples of anti-acne actives include the composition called ~~ae-net®~~ AC.NET® (proposed by SEDERMA, France) and its individual components (nordihydroguaiaretic acid, oleanolic acid), and also resorcinol, sulphur, salicylic acid, benzoyl peroxide, the erythromycin, zinc, etc. Other examples of anti-acne agents are described in details in U.S. patent No 5,607,980, granted to McAtee et al., on March 4, 1997.

Please replace the second paragraph on page 12 at line 5 and ending at line 12 with the following amended paragraph wherein the added language is underlined:

The present invention also relates to the use of kombucha and the use of cosmetic and dermopharmaceutical compositions containing the same, alone or in combination, ~~like or for~~ the manufacture of cosmetic or dermopharmaceutical compositions to treat in particular ~~the~~ wrinkles and/or ~~the~~ fine lines, ~~the~~ cutaneous and/or ~~undersub~~ cutaneous sagging of the features of the face, sagging of the skin of the hips, ~~of and~~ and the thighs, the deterioration (or the collapse) of cutaneous microrelief, ~~the flask-flaccid skin, and the matte~~ skin.

Please replace the first paragraph on page 13 at line 1 and ending at line 25 with the following amended paragraph wherein the added language is underlined:

Peptides, and in particular ~~of the~~ di-, tri-, tetra-, and pentapeptides and their derivatives, can be included in the compositions according to the present invention in sufficient quantity. Peptides can be natural or synthetic. The dipeptides can be, without being limited to this list, Tyr-Arg, Val-Trp, Asn-Phe, Asp-Phe, beta-Ala-His (Carnosine), N-palmitoyl-beta-Ala-His, Tyr-Arg-hexadecylester, and their derivatives. The tripeptides include Gly-His-Lys, Arg-Lys-Arg, His-Gly-Gly, Lys-Phe-Lys, Lys-Phe-Lys and their analogues of conservative substitution, Gly-His-Lys, Gly-Lys-His, Arg-Lily-Arg-NH₂, and their derivatives. The tetrapeptides include Gly-Gln-Pro-Arg (Rigin), Thr-Lys-Pro-Arg (Tuftsin) Lys-Asn-Pro-Tyr, Lys-Asn-Gly-Tyr, Lys-Asn-(D-Pro)-Tyr, Lys-Asn-Pro-Phe, (D-Lys)-Asn-Pro-Tyr, Lys-Gln-Pro-Tyr, Gly-Asn-Pro-(D-Arg), Gly-Asn-Pro-Tyr, (D-Lys)-Asn-Gly-Tyr, (D-Lys)-Gln-Pro-Tyr and (D-Lys)-Asn-Pro-Phe and their derivatives and analogues by conservative substitution. The pentapeptides and hexapeptides can be, without being limited to this list, Lys-Thr-Thr-Lys-Ser, Tyr-Gly-Gly-Phe-X with X = Met or Leu or mixtures, Val-Gly-Val-Ala-Pro-Gly and their derivatives. These peptides will be used in their free forms or N-acylated. In particular, a preferred dipeptide is N-ac-Tyr-Arg-hexadecylester (CALMOSENSINE® of SEDERMA, France). A preferred tripeptide is N-palmitoyl-Gly-His-Lys (BIOPEPTIDE CL of SEDERMA, France), Peptide CK (Arg-Lys-Arg) and Lipospondine (N-elaidoyl-Lys-Phe-Lys) and its analogues of conservative substitution, Peptide CK+ (N-ac-Arg-Lys-Arg-NH₂). A preferred tetrapeptide is the N-palmitoyl-Gly-Gln-Pro-Arg and a preferred pentapeptide is the N-Pal-Lys-Thr-Thr-Lys-Ser, available under the name MATRIXYL® of SEDERMA, France.

Please replace the second paragraph on page 15 at line 7 and ending at line 15 with the following amended paragraph

wherein the added language is underlined:

Anti-inflammatory agents can be incorporated in compositions according to the present invention, like natural extracts of plants, fungi, algae. For example, ursolic acid, nordihydroguaiaretic acid, kava-kava extract, bacopa monnieri extract (BACOCALMINE® of SEDERMA, France), candelilla wax, bisabolol, aloe vera, plants sterols, camomile, red clover extract (found as STEROCARE® of SEDERMA, France), and sea whip extracts, can be used. Other useful anti-inflammatory agents include the compounds of liquorice family (of specie Glycyrrhiza glabra), including glycyrrhetic acid, glycyrrhizic acid, and their derivatives (in particular their salts and esters).

Please replace EXAMPLE NOS. 2-5 on pages 19 through 20 with the following amended EXAMPLES wherein the added language is underlined:

Example No 2 : <u>Day cream</u>	<u>g/100 g</u>
Volpo <u>VOLPO S20</u> ®	2.4
Volpo <u>VOLPO S2</u> ®	2.6
Prostearyl <u>PROSTEARYL 15</u> ®	8.0
Beeswax	0.5
Stearoxy dimethicone	3.0
Propylene glycol	3.0
Carbomere	0.25
Triethanolamine	0.25
kombucha	3.0
Water, preservatives, perfume	qs 100 g

This emulsion is used to illuminate, and firm the skin of the face.

Example No 3 : <u>Gel</u>	<u>g/100g</u>
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Carbomer	0.3
Propylene glycol	2.0
Glycerin	1.0
White petroleum	1.5
Cylomethicone	6.0
Crodacol <u>CRODACOL</u> C90®	0.5
Lubrajel <u>LUBRAJEL</u> ® MS	10.0
Triethanolamine	0.3
kombucha	10.0

Water, preservatives, perfumes qs 100 g

This gel obtained in a extemporaneous way, can be used in daily application on the skin of the face, to increase radiance in particular.

Example No 4 : Shampoo

g/100g

A	Potassium sorbate	0.1
	Water	qs 100 g
B	Empicol <u>EMPICOL</u> ® ESB3/M	30.0
	INCRONAM 30	4.0
	CROTHIX® Liquid	2.0
	Phenova <u>PHENOVA</u> ®	0.8
C	Sodium Hydroxide	0.1
	Water	1.0
D	kombucha	0.5

Example No 5 : Hair spray

g/ 100g

A	Water	qs 100 g
	Ethanol	10.0
	Potassium sorbate	0.1
B	Procetyl <u>PROCETYL</u> AWS®	0.6
	Nipagine <u>NIPAGINE</u> ®	0.2
	Butylene Glycol	3.0
C	kombucha	3.0

Application No.: 10/523,333

Docket No.: SEDERM 3.3-010

D perfume

0.1